



GLOBAL
GUARDIAN

2026 WORLD CUP SECURITY REPORT

MAY 2026

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INTRODUCTION

The 2026 World Cup is the most anticipated global sporting event of the year. For the first time in history, the tournament is co-hosted by three nations—the United States, Canada, and Mexico—bringing the competition to North America on an unprecedented continental scale.

The competition runs from 11 June to 19 July 2026, featuring 48 national teams competing across 16 cities in 104 matches, making it the largest World Cup in history. The tournament opens at Mexico City’s Estadio Azteca and concludes with the final at MetLife Stadium in East Rutherford, New Jersey.

Match play is organized into two stages. In the group stage, 48 teams are divided into 12 groups of four, with the top two teams from each group—plus eight third-place finishers—advancing to a 32-team knockout round. The knockout stage proceeds through the Round of 32, Round of 16, Quarterfinals, Semifinals, a Third-Place Match, and the Final. While group-stage matches have been announced, it remains unknown which teams will advance, meaning that fans following their national team may need to travel between host countries.

The United States will host 78 matches across 11 metro areas: Atlanta, Boston, Dallas, Houston, Kansas City, Los Angeles, Miami, New York/New Jersey, Philadelphia, San Francisco Bay Area, and Seattle. Mexico will host 13 matches across 3 cities: Mexico City, Guadalajara, and Monterrey, while Canada will host 13 matches across 2 cities: Toronto and Vancouver.

With an estimated seven million attendees and millions more registering online, the 2026 World Cup will draw players, coaches, officials, journalists, diplomats, and supporters from virtually every country on earth. Matches span four time zones across North America—EDT (UTC-4), CDT (UTC-5), CST (UTC-6), and PDT (UTC-7)—making this a truly continental event.





2026 WORLD CUP—RISK MATRIX

The table below provides Global Guardian’s risk assessment for each host metro area across five threat categories, ranging from Low to Extreme. Ratings reflect current conditions on 01 May 2026 and are subject to revision as the tournament approaches.

Country	Metro Area	Region	Crime	Terrorism	Civil Unrest/Protests	Health/Medical	Environmental
Canada	Toronto	Eastern	Low	Moderate	Low	Moderate	Low
Canada	Vancouver	Western	Low	Low	Low	Moderate	Low
Mexico	Guadalajara	Central	Medium	Low	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate
Mexico	Mexico City	Central	Moderate	Low	Moderate	Moderate	Low
Mexico	Monterrey	Central	Moderate	Low	Low	Moderate	Moderate
USA	Atlanta	Eastern	Moderate	Low	Low	Low	Moderate
USA	Boston	Eastern	Low	Moderate	Low	Low	Low
USA	Dallas	Central	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Low	Moderate
USA	Houston	Central	Medium	Moderate	Low	Low	Moderate
USA	Kansas City	Central	Medium	Low	Low	Low	Moderate
USA	Los Angeles	Western	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Low
USA	Miami	Eastern	Moderate	Low	Low	Low	Moderate
USA	New York / New Jersey	Eastern	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Low
USA	Philadelphia	Eastern	Moderate	Moderate	Moderate	Low	Low
USA	San Francisco Bay	Western	Moderate	Low	Moderate	Low	Low
USA	Seattle	Western	Moderate	Low	Moderate	Low	Low

Threat Category Key: Low / Moderate / Medium / High / Extreme





HEALTHCARE

The three host nations operate fundamentally different healthcare systems, with significant implications for how travelers should prepare before departure. Access to quality care is available across all host metro areas, but cost exposure, insurance acceptance, and water safety vary sharply by country.

CANADA

Canada operates a universal public healthcare system, but coverage does not extend to foreign visitors. Travelers must carry private health insurance. The quality of care in Toronto and Vancouver is excellent; however, Canadian hospitals are well known for long wait times and congested emergency rooms. Tap water is safe to drink.

MEXICO

Private healthcare in Mexico is of a good standard, with modern facilities, well-equipped clinics, and internationally trained physicians—many of whom speak English. Mexico's public hospital system (IMSS) is restricted to legal residents and formally employed workers and may deny service to foreign nationals without appropriate documentation. Private hospitals typically require upfront payment or demonstrated ability to pay; in some instances, facilities have retained passports as collateral until bills are settled.

Foreign health insurance is generally not accepted in Mexico. Patients should anticipate paying out of pocket and seeking reimbursement from their insurance provider after the fact. Travelers should drink bottled water.

UNITED STATES

The United States has world-class hospitals and medical infrastructure—but also the highest healthcare costs in the world by a wide margin. The system is entirely private and insurance-driven. Traveling without adequate coverage exposes visitors to full uninsured billing rates that can be financially catastrophic. Domestic health insurance policies from other countries will almost certainly not be accepted at U.S. facilities. Visitors should secure dedicated travel medical insurance before departure. Ambulance services are readily available. Tap water is safe to drink throughout the country.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- ▶ Obtain travel medical insurance with a minimum of USD \$100,000–\$250,000 in coverage.
- ▶ Ensure the policy explicitly includes emergency medical evacuation coverage.
- ▶ Verify that coverage extends to all countries on your itinerary (Canada, Mexico, and/or U.S.).
- ▶ Carry your insurer's 24/7 emergency contact number at all times.
- ▶ Keep all prescription medications in original packaging with accompanying documentation.





LOGISTICS

The geographic footprint of the 2026 World Cup presents logistical challenges unlike any previous tournament. With host metro areas spread across three countries, fans following their national team through the knockout rounds may face significant intercity travel, differing visa requirements.

Because it is not known which teams will advance to specific venues in later rounds, booking flights or accommodations for knockout-stage games is not possible until after group play. Fans should plan for flexibility and be prepared to make decisions on short notice. Given the distances involved, it is advisable to establish in advance how far you are willing to travel and set a realistic footprint.

TRANSPORTATION DURING THE TOURNAMENT

Each of the 11 U.S. host metro areas is implementing transit enhancements to manage the surge in fan movement. Key improvements include:

- ▶ Domestic flights and Amtrak rail services will be the primary modes of intercity travel between U.S. host metro areas.

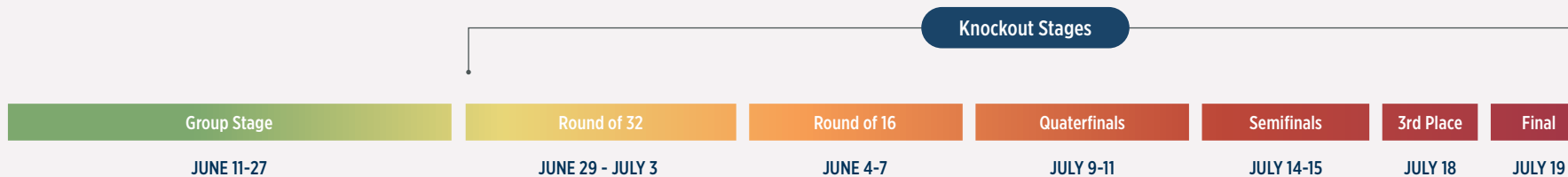
- ▶ Cities will enforce road closures and restricted zones around stadiums in the hours before kickoff.
- ▶ Designated rideshare pickup zones and VIP transport corridors will help manage congestion and streamline arrivals.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- ▶ Book transportation months in advance, particularly for high-demand match days.
- ▶ Use navigation apps such as Citymapper and Google Maps to monitor public transit routes active road closures.
- ▶ Book accommodations well in advance. Significantly elevated hotel rates are expected throughout the tournament in all host metro areas.
- ▶ Prioritize accommodation in safe neighborhoods.



RIISING TRAVEL COMPLEXITY THROUGH THE WORLD CUP





ENTRY REQUIREMENTS

CANADA

- ▶ Travelers that are not U.S. citizens/permanent residents will either need a visitor [visa or an electronic travel authorization \(eTA\)](#) to enter Canada.

MEXICO

- ▶ Citizens of more than 60 countries, including the U.S., Canada, the United Kingdom, the European Union, Japan, South Korea, Australia, and New Zealand, can enter Mexico visa-free.
- ▶ Certain nationalities, such as Turkey, Ukraine, Russia, and Brazil, can apply for an [Electronic Authorization](#), which is valid for air travel only.
- ▶ Visitors who do not meet any of these criteria must obtain a Visitor Visa from a Mexican consulate before traveling. This includes nationals of countries such as India, China, and South Africa.

UNITED STATES

- ▶ Passports that are valid for at least six months beyond the period of intended stay.
- ▶ Other than Canadian and Bermudan passport holders, foreign travelers will need a B-1 or B-2 visa unless they are from one of the 42 [Visa Waiver Program \(VWP\)](#) countries, including most of Western Europe, Japan, South Korea, and Australia who can apply through the Electronic System for Travel Authorization (ESTA).



SECURITY MEASURES BY HOST COUNTRY

EMERGENCY NUMBERS:

Emergency Services (Police/Fire/Medical): 911 | Tourist Assistance Hotline (Mexico only): 078

CANADA

Canadian security authorities are coordinating with federal, provincial, and municipal agencies to provide layered security coverage at BMO Field in Toronto and BC Place in Vancouver. In 2025, Global Guardian elevated Canada's risk rating to Moderate, considering an increase in the risk from terrorism. Comparatively lower security visibility in Canadian venues could be assessed as an operational advantage by adversaries. Intelligence-sharing with U.S. counterparts and continuous threat monitoring are central to Canada's security posture for the tournament.

MEXICO

Mexico's security deployment for the World Cup is operating under Plan Kukulcán—named after a Mayan serpent deity—which involves deploying an additional 20,000 military personnel (Army, Air Force, and National Guard) and 55,000 police officers to the three host metro areas of Guadalajara, Mexico City, and Monterrey, bringing the total security force to approximately 100,000 personnel. The aerial defense component includes more than 50 aircraft operating across multiple altitudes, comprising 24 military aircraft and 33 surveillance drones.

While Global Guardian does not anticipate major criminal organizations or cartels will specifically target World Cup attendees, the threat remains. In January 2026, an unconfirmed report suggested a Gulf Cartel officer was killed for refusing to sabotage World Cup events in Monterrey, Nuevo León—an area contested by rival groups. The report aligns with the known tactic of “calentando la plaza,” where criminal groups

stage false-flag attacks in rival territory to trigger security responses and disrupt operations. Despite the state security presence, smaller gangs and local criminals are expected to opportunistically target tourists who engage in high-risk behavior or venture into less-secure neighborhoods.

UNITED STATES

The U.S. federal government has directed approximately USD \$1 billion toward World Cup security. This includes USD \$625 million through the FIFA World Cup Grant Program, allocated to the 11 host metro area task forces to cover personnel training, cybersecurity, emergency response, and operational overtime. An additional USD \$500 million has been committed through the Counter-Unmanned Aircraft Systems (C-UAS) Grant Program—with USD \$250 million immediately awarded to the 11 host states and a second USD \$250 million tranche to follow. The Department of Homeland Security (DHS) has separately announced an USD \$115 million investment in counter-drone technologies.

At the federal level, the White House has established a dedicated task force coordinating efforts across the FBI, DHS, and FEMA, as well as local law enforcement and emergency services. Security planning covers terrorism risk, cyber threats, crowd management, and political unrest. Stadiums will feature enhanced screening systems, restricted access zones, and rapid-response medical stations. Authorities are deploying AI-powered crowd-flow monitoring software and have tested chemical decontamination equipment to address both conventional and unconventional threats.



ENVIRONMENTAL RISKS

Both extreme weather and natural hazards could affect the safety and logistics of World Cup attendees. With matches running from early June through mid-July, several environmental risk categories are relevant depending on the host city.

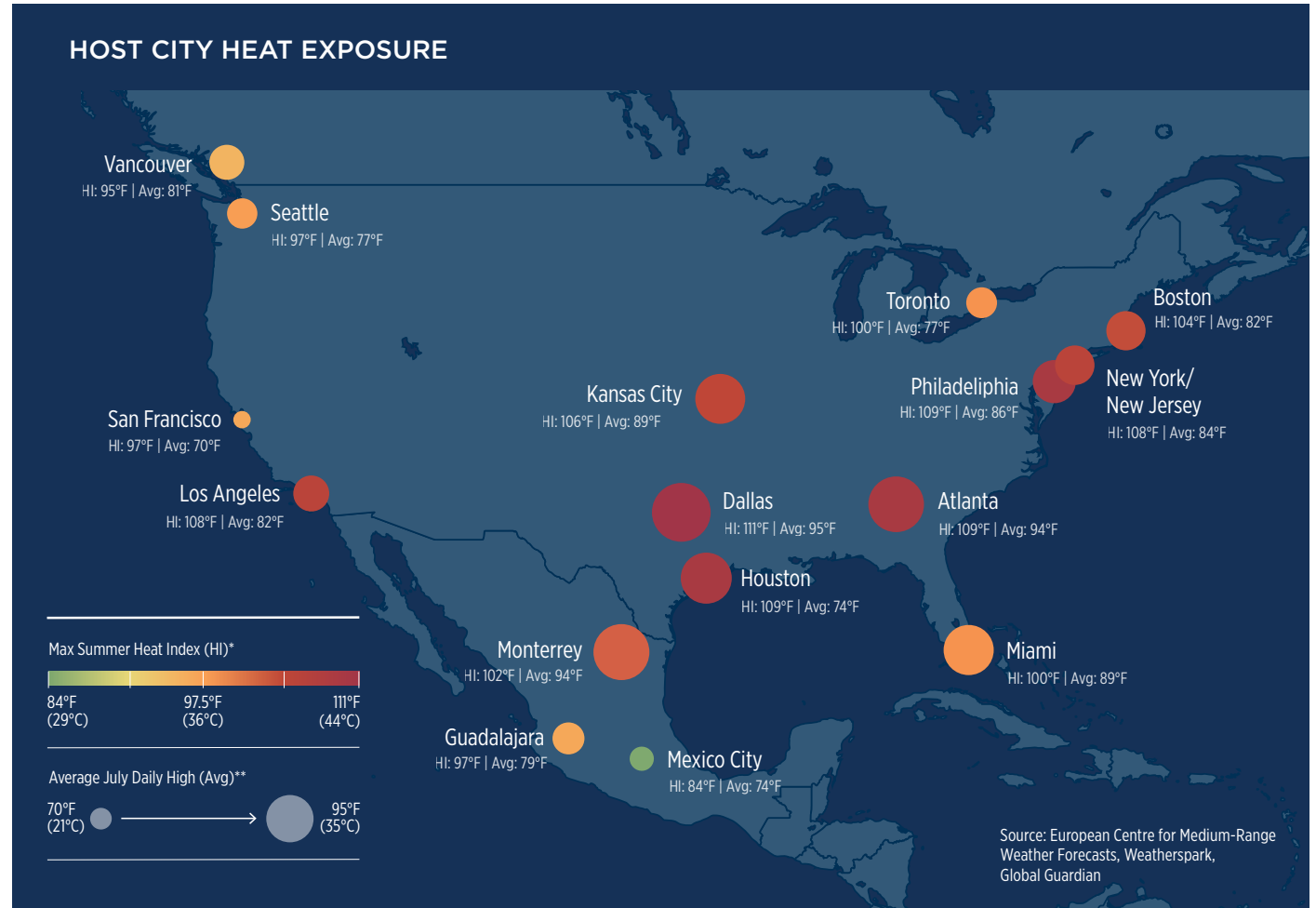
EXTREME HEAT

Eleven major cities across the western United States have already set temperature records in 2026. Southern host metro areas—particularly Dallas, Houston, and Miami—will experience high heat and humidity throughout the tournament window. Attendees should stay hydrated, wear sun protection, and plan outdoor activities for cooler parts of the day.

Atlanta, Dallas, Houston, and Vancouver all feature retractable roofs and climate-controlled environments, substantially reducing in-stadium heat exposure risk.

AIR QUALITY

Urban air pollution in several host metro areas periodically exceeds recommended thresholds. Individuals with asthma or chronic respiratory conditions should consult a physician before travel, carry necessary medications, and take personal precautions during poor air quality days.



*Based on host cities June, July and August 2025 Universal Thermal Climate Index (UTCI) metrics. UTCI measures how the human body responds to different thermal environments, using temperature, humidity, wind speed, sunshine, and the heat emitted by the surroundings.

**Based on 2025 metrics.



ATLANTIC HURRICANE SEASON

The Atlantic hurricane season runs from June through November, with approximately 15% of named tropical systems forming before 02 August. Based on FEMA's [National Risk Index](#), Miami carries an annualized hurricane frequency of more than 0.3 events per year, while Houston is approximately 0.18 events per year. Attendees in these cities should monitor National Hurricane Center advisories throughout the tournament.

EARTHQUAKES

Parts of the western United States, particularly the San Francisco Bay Area and Los Angeles, lie within active seismic zones. Earthquake risk ranges from minor to significant. Familiarize yourself with building evacuation procedures and follow local emergency guidance if a seismic event occurs.

TORNADOES

Tornado season extends from April well into June. Kansas City and Dallas are both located in "Tornado Alley," where tornadoes can cause significant damage with limited warning. If a tornado warning is issued, seek shelter immediately at designated locations and follow all official guidance.



CYBER RISKS

The global media profile of the World Cup makes it a high-value target for state-sponsored, criminal, and hacktivist cyber actors. Given that the majority of host metro areas are in the United States—a central actor in the current U.S.–Israel–Iran conflict—there is a particularly broad range of geopolitically motivated potential attackers, including Russia, China, North Korea, and, of particular concern, Iran.

STATE-SPONSORED ACTORS

State-backed cyber operations are typically designed to disrupt high-profile media events and sow chaos by taking payment systems, ticketing infrastructure, transportation networks, and broadcast facilities offline. Given the interconnected digital footprint spanning 16 host metro areas, an attack in one market could have cascading effects across the entire tournament ecosystem.

HACKTIVISTS

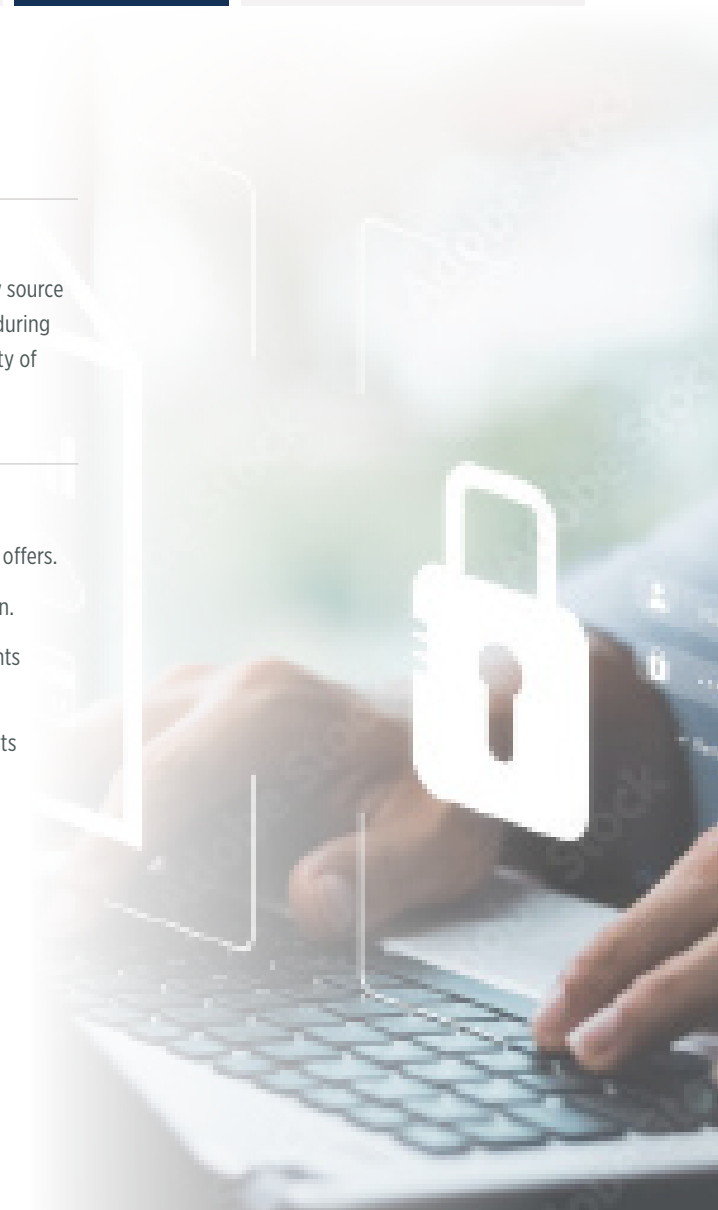
Hacktivist actors are generally more interested in hijacking media attention to amplify their cause or grievance. Disinformation campaigns—including false evacuation reports, fabricated incident claims, and AI-generated deepfakes—are likely vectors of attack during high-attendance matches. Such campaigns can trigger panic, disrupt crowd movement, and strain emergency response systems.

CRIMINAL ACTORS

Criminal cyber actors are primarily motivated by financial gain and represent the most likely source of ransomware, phishing, and fraudulent ticketing operations. The volume of cyber attacks during the tournament is expected to exceed prior events, driven in part by the increased availability of autonomous AI-assisted hacking tools.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- ▶ Use official and verified channels for ticket purchases only. Report suspicious ticketing offers.
- ▶ Be cautious of unsolicited communications requesting personal or financial information.
- ▶ Do not connect to unsecured public Wi-Fi networks. Use a VPN when accessing accounts while traveling.
- ▶ Monitor official communications from venue operators and security authorities for alerts regarding digital disruptions.





POLITICALLY MOTIVATED PROTESTS

Previous World Cups held in Russia (2018) and Qatar (2022) were hosted in countries with significant capacity to suppress protest activity. The 2026 tournament, by contrast, will be held across three countries with some of the most robust freedom-of-expression protections in the world. U.S. federal and local authorities in particular face the challenge of managing large-scale protest activity across 11 metro areas in 10 states without the ability to prohibit lawful demonstrations.

Global Guardian assesses that protest and activism risks are higher in U.S. and Mexican metro areas than in Canada, whose current political dynamics are less conducive to the kind of nationally organized, high-visibility disruption.

PRIMARY DRIVERS OF PROTEST RISK

- ▶ **Immigration enforcement:** Any ICE involvement in securing U.S. event sites, or major immigration enforcement operations in host metro areas in the lead-up to or during the tournament, could catalyze significant protest activity.
- ▶ **Foreign policy:** Anti-war and pro-Palestinian protests are possible in major cities. Cities with historically high protest volumes—Boston, Los Angeles, New York, Philadelphia, San Francisco, Seattle, and Toronto—should be considered elevated-risk environments for protest activity.
- ▶ **Foreign policy:** Pro- and anti-Islamic Republic demonstrations can be expected in Los Angeles, where the Iranian team will play two of its three qualifying matches. Los Angeles is home to the world's largest Iranian diaspora community.
- ▶ **Economic and security issues:** In Mexico, truckers, farmers, and various other activist groups have already signaled a desire to protest the World Cup. Families of Mexico's missing persons have also pledged to hold protests around venues.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- ▶ Avoid all protests and demonstrations. Even peaceful gatherings can escalate rapidly into violence.
- ▶ Law enforcement may clear areas or establish exclusion zones with little advance warning. Having a pre-arranged private transportation option is recommended.
- ▶ Protests can disrupt local transit networks and increase ambient crime risk in affected areas.





TERRORISM

The risk of terrorism typically increases during periods of elevated international conflict. On 28 February, DHS issued a nationwide high-alert warning against acts of terrorism by Iran and its proxies. A terrorist attack targeting a 2026 World Cup venue or Fan Festival is possible. A low-tech, lone-actor attack is the most likely attack modality. The terrorism threat to the 2026 World Cup comes from two principal vectors: lone actors and Iran-backed networks.

LONE ACTORS

The most common perpetrator profile in North America is an individual acting independently, outside the control of an established terror network, typically motivated by a mix of personal grievances and extremist beliefs. Because lone actors operate without organizational infrastructure, they are less visible to intelligence services and their attacks are more difficult to prevent. Many would-be attackers are flagged by security services, but there are often insufficient legal grounds to sustain surveillance or intervene preemptively.

Lone actor terrorism presents a heightened risk in the United States given the widespread availability of weapons among civilians. On 28 February, the Department of Homeland Security (DHS) issued a law enforcement bulletin warning specifically of potential lone-wolf attacks. The U.S. Office of the Director of National Intelligence (ODNI) has assessed that fatwas issued by prominent religious figures calling for retaliation for the death of Ayatollah Ali Khamenei are likely to inspire individuals to conduct attacks against U.S. targets worldwide.

RECENT U.S. LONE ACTOR INCIDENTS

- ▶ **01 March:** Austin, TX | Bar shooting
- ▶ **07 March:** New York City, NY | Attempted bombing (two ISIS supporters charged)
- ▶ **12 March:** Norfolk, VA | Active shooter incident at Old Dominion University
- ▶ **12 March:** West Bloomfield, MI | Synagogue attack

Overview

Operations & Security

Threat Vectors

Global Guardian Capabilities

IRAN-BACKED TERRORISM

Iran has a demonstrated pattern of plotting targeted killings on U.S. soil and facilitating terror attacks where and when it can. Over the past five years, U.S. authorities have disrupted more than a [dozen](#) Iran-linked plots, including assassination attempts targeting senior U.S. and allied officials, as well as operations against political dissidents. The U.S. Intelligence Community [assesses](#) that Iran is actively expanding its networks inside the United States and will seek to avenge the deaths of Supreme Leader Ayatollah Ali Khamenei and former IRGC-Quds Force Commander Qasem Soleimani by targeting current and former U.S. officials.





Should Operation Epic Fury continue through the course of the 2026 World Cup, the risk of an Iran-directed attack on a symbolic U.S. target increases. Conversely, if a durable agreement is reached, an Iran-directed attack would be less likely, as it could serve as a pretext for a resumption of hostilities.

Additionally, a newly emergent group, Harakat Ashab al-Yamin al-Islamia (HAYI)—has claimed responsibility for a series of attacks in Western Europe since March, including an IED detonation at a synagogue in Liège, Belgium (09 March); an attack in Greece (11 March); arson at a Rotterdam synagogue (13 March); and additional incidents in the Netherlands (23 March) and France (28 March). Attacks on Jewish community infrastructure continued in London (23 March) and Antwerp (24 March). The group’s symbolism and the networks amplifying its messaging indicate it is at minimum loosely connected to Iran and may represent an IRGC-Quds Force front organization. U.S. authorities have also warned of [intercepted](#) communications that could be used to activate international sleeper cells.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- ▶ Exercise higher caution in U.S. and Canadian venues than in Mexico, which has a significantly lower risk of terror.
- ▶ Identify multiple exit points for every venue you plan to attend before the event begins.
- ▶ Arrive early to avoid queuing in large groups outside venue perimeters, which represent attractive soft targets.
- ▶ Monitor local media and follow all official directives from security authorities.



CRIME & SAFETY

Opportunistic crime is the primary security risk to World Cup travelers across all host metro areas. These offenses are generally unplanned; criminals identify potential victims shortly before acting. Common examples include pickpocketing, bag-snatching, theft of unattended items, and unsophisticated scams. While typically non-violent, opportunistic criminals will frequently resort to violence if confronted.

RECOMMENDATIONS

- ▶ Avoid ostentatious displays of wealth. Do not wear expensive watches, jewelry, or carry items that visibly signal affluence.
- ▶ Maintain awareness and physical control of your belongings in crowded areas, tourist sites, and public transportation hubs.
- ▶ Be mindful of phone use in public. Avoid holding devices in exposed positions, particularly in areas where thieves on bicycles or mopeds are common. Avoid using selfie sticks that put your device within reach of passersby.
- ▶ When in crowded spaces—subways, buses, markets, and Fan Festivals—wear bags and purses where they always remain within your direct line of sight.
- ▶ Match-day security checkpoints outside stadiums and Fan Festivals concentrate large numbers of people in defined areas. Move through checkpoints as quickly as possible and avoid lingering near entry queues.
- ▶ Avoid demonstrations, protests, and unofficial gatherings, as they can rapidly disrupt transport and increase crime risk.
- ▶ Attend official Fan Festivals and avoid unregulated public gatherings.
- ▶ Stick to well-lit areas at night and avoid isolated routes.
- ▶ Avoid carrying large amounts of cash; use secure payment methods.





CANADA

TORONTO

Overall risk profile: low crime, moderate terrorism, low civil unrest. Toronto is among the lowest-risk host metro areas.

⚠️ Areas to Avoid: No specific areas require avoidance.

VANCOUVER

Overall risk profile: low crime, low terrorism, low civil unrest.

⚠️ Areas to Avoid: The Downtown Eastside (DTES), specifically Hastings Street between Abbott & Main.



MEXICO

GUADALAJARA

Overall risk profile: moderate crime, low terrorism, low civil unrest.

Specific Risks: Nightlife-related drugging is known risk. Exercise heightened caution in entertainment districts, do not accept drinks from strangers, and use only reputable, licensed venues.

⚠️ Areas to Avoid: Outlying areas of Tlaquepaque/Tonalá after dark. Generally, avoid the southern and eastern portions of the city. Remain within city limits and do not venture south of the red line indicated on the map.

MEXICO CITY

Overall risk profile: moderate crime, low terrorism, low civil unrest.

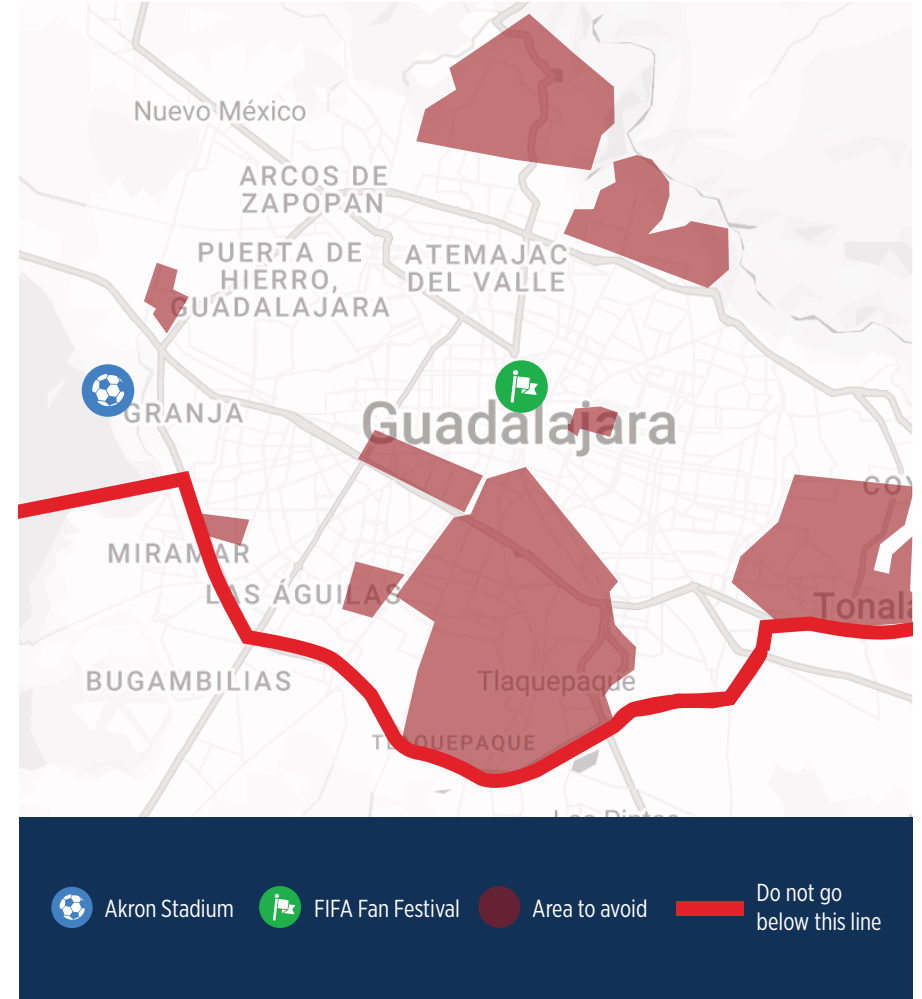
⚠️ Areas to Avoid: Tepito, Doctores, Tlalpan, and Iztapalapa.

MONTERREY

Overall risk profile: medium crime, low terrorism, low civil unrest.

Specific Risks: Avoid walking alone in any part of the city after dark.

⚠️ Areas to Avoid: Peripheral municipalities including Apodaca, Escobedo, and García.





UNITED STATES

ATLANTA

Overall risk profile: moderate crime, low terrorism, low civil unrest. Atlanta has significant experience hosting major international events, including the 1996 Olympics and multiple Super Bowls.

Areas to Avoid: Mechanicsville, Vine City/English Avenue (“The Bluff”), Adair Park, West End, and Oakland City.

BOSTON

Overall risk profile: low crime, moderate terrorism, low civil unrest.

Areas to Avoid: Roxbury Crossing, Mattapan, Dorchester (including Upham’s Corner, Mount Bowdoin, and Codman Square), and Hyde Park.

DALLAS

Overall risk profile: moderate crime, moderate terrorism, low civil unrest.

Areas to Avoid: Cedar Springs, Cedar Crest, Cockrell Hill, Wolf Creek, South Boulevard-Park Row, and South and Northwest Dallas.

HOUSTON

Overall risk profile: moderate crime, moderate terrorism, low civil unrest.

Areas to Avoid: Bellaire Avenue, Sunnyside, Gulfgate/Pine Valley, Near Northside, Sharpstown, Acres Homes, Alief, Kashmere Gardens, Cloverleaf, and the Third and Fifth Wards.

KANSAS CITY

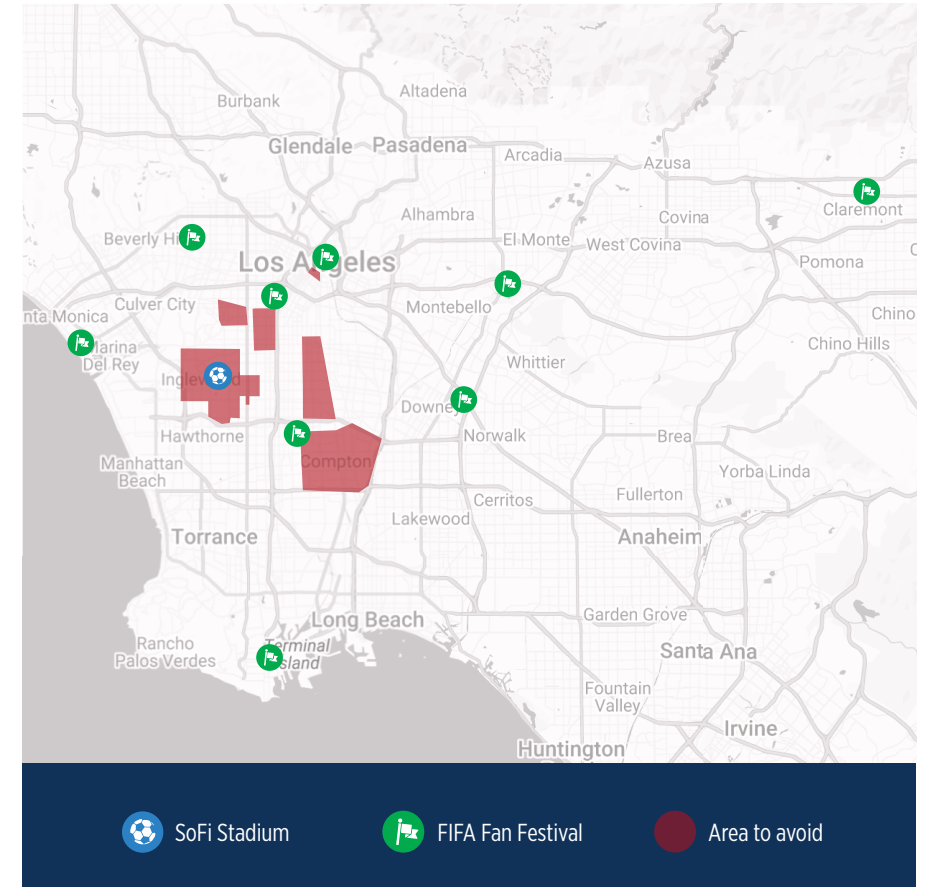
Overall risk profile: moderate crime, low terrorism, low civil unrest. Kansas City features the highest violent crime rate of all host metro areas. Close vetting of accommodations is recommended.

Areas to Avoid: Blue Hills, Hidden Valley, Marlboro East, and South Blue Valley.

LOS ANGELES

Overall risk profile: moderate crime, moderate terrorism, moderate civil unrest. SoFi Stadium and several Fan Festivals are near high-crime neighborhoods.

Areas to Avoid: Central City East (Skid Row), South Central, Downtown Los Angeles after dark, Venice Beach after dark, Koreatown, Compton, and Inglewood.





MIAMI

Overall risk profile: moderate crime, low terrorism, low civil unrest. Miami is a high-tourism environment with elevated levels of pickpocketing and a nightlife scene associated with higher rates of violent incidents.

Areas to Avoid: Little Havana, Bayside Marketplace on Biscayne Boulevard, South Beach’s Lincoln Mall, and Bayfront Park.

NEW YORK/NEW JERSEY

Overall risk profile: moderate crime, moderate terrorism, moderate civil unrest. New York is one of the highest-profile and most logistically complex host environments. MetLife Stadium in East Rutherford, NJ, will host the Final.

Areas to Avoid: New York City: Bronx: Highbridge, Norwood, Soundview, Tremont, and Edenwald. **Brooklyn:** East Flatbush, Brownsville, Cypress Hills, Starrett City, City Line, and Bushwick.

Queens: Cambria Heights, Laurelton, Rosedale, Springfield Gardens, South Ozone Park, South Jamaica, and Astoria.

Areas to Avoid: New Jersey: Newark, NJ: Dayton/Weequahic Park, Springfield/Belmont, South Broad Street, and Clinton Hill.

PHILADELPHIA

Overall risk profile: moderate crime, moderate terrorism, moderate civil unrest. Philadelphia has elevated violent crime in specific neighborhoods.

Areas to Avoid: Kensington, Southwest Philadelphia, Allegheny West, Tioga-Nicetown, and Strawberry Mansion.

SAN FRANCISCO BAY AREA

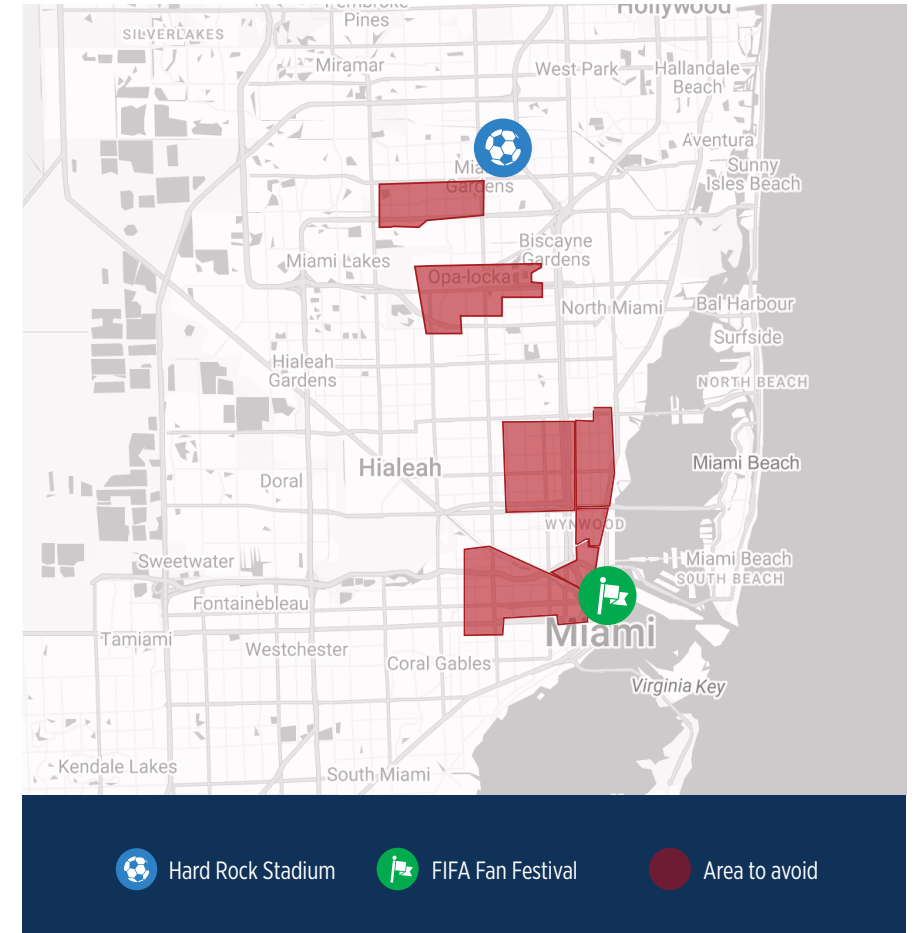
Overall risk profile: moderate crime, low terrorism, moderate civil unrest. Vehicle theft and motor vehicle break-ins are among the most common crimes. Pickpocketing is prevalent at popular tourist destinations, on public transportation, and in nightlife venues. Levi’s Stadium is in Santa Clara.

Areas to Avoid: San Francisco: The Fillmore District, the Mission District, and city parks after dark. **San Jose / Santa Clara:** No specific areas of concern.

SEATTLE

Overall risk profile: moderate crime, low terrorism, moderate civil unrest.

Areas to Avoid: 3rd Avenue downtown (particularly between Pike and Pine, and between James and Yesler), Pioneer Square, and the Chinatown-International District after dark.



 Hard Rock Stadium
  FIFA Fan Festival
  Area to avoid

GLOBAL GUARDIAN CAPABILITIES

If you're traveling to Canada, Mexico, or the United States for the World Cup, Global Guardian can support before and during travel in the following ways:



Duty of Care Membership: With one membership, travelers have access to a U.S.-based 24/7/365 Operations Center staffed with security and medical personnel and ground teams in 140+ countries to support and respond during travel.



Pre-Travel Assessments and Global Intelligence: Our Intelligence Team provides up-to-date information to include Pre-Travel Briefs, Country and City Risk Reports, and Situation Reports to help travelers understand the risks specific to their destination.



Executive Protection: With a global network of vetted and trusted on-the-ground agents who understand local culture, language, and security, we deliver tailored executive protection services designed to anticipate risks and safeguard personnel in any environment.



Medical Assistance and Translation: Our team of U.S. board-certified physicians prepares travelers with destination-specific health risks and recommendations. During travel, travelers with a medical need are connected with our team for real-time support and translation services.



Medical Evacuation: If a member is hospitalized with an illness or injury, our team will arrange air or ground transportation to the traveler's hospital of choice, leveraging our fleet of emergency aircraft and vehicles around the world.



Secure Transportation: We provide customizable secure transportation solutions that account for regional dynamics and emerging threats, ensuring safe, seamless movement for travelers.



Emergency Response: With local response teams and assets in over 140 countries at the ready and a 24/7/365 Operations Center, Global Guardian provides real-time support to travelers in a crisis or emergency.



Special Event Security: Our team coordinates and deploys security and medical professionals to be on-site at private events and functions to provide medical assistance and security services—and mitigate risk to your guests.



Travel Risk Management Platform: Access and communicate with our 24/7 Operations Center at the touch of a button and allow location sharing to ensure you are updated to any security events nearby.

WHY GLOBAL GUARDIAN

We protect and deliver employees and families from political, environmental, and bad actor threats around the world.

OUTCOME ORIENTED

From travel emergencies to the most challenging crisis environments, client safety and security is our top priority. Our team will problem solve until a positive outcome is achieved.

OPERATIONAL EXCELLENCE

With a team comprised of highly experienced former military, special operations, and federal law enforcement personnel, our operational execution is unmatched.

HYPER-RESPONSIVE

With 24/7/365 Global Security Operations Centers and local response teams in over 140 countries, Global Guardian moves in minutes and hours instead of days and weeks.

BREADTH OF GLOBAL SERVICES

We offer a full range of customizable global security and medical services over 98% of the world, including travel risk management, executive protection, medical assistance and evacuation, cyber security, and video surveillance.

To learn more about Global Guardian's travel risk management capabilities, contact our team.

INQUIRE TODAY



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